Creatinine Measurement

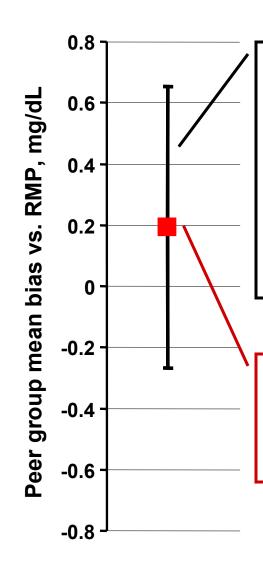
NKDEP Manufacturer's Workshop AACC 2004

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Richmond, VA

Creatinine routine method performance

- CAP Chemistry Survey, October 2003
 - Fresh frozen serum specimen
- EU International Measurement Evaluation Programme (IMEP-17) 2002
 - Fresh frozen serum specimen
- Bio-Rad individual laboratory QC data for 2002

CAP FFS specimen, data presentation



95% distribution of peer group results (±1.96*SD)

- Random error (total) from:
 - Calibration (between labs)
 - Run (within lab)
 - Specimen (residual)

Ross¹

64%

29%

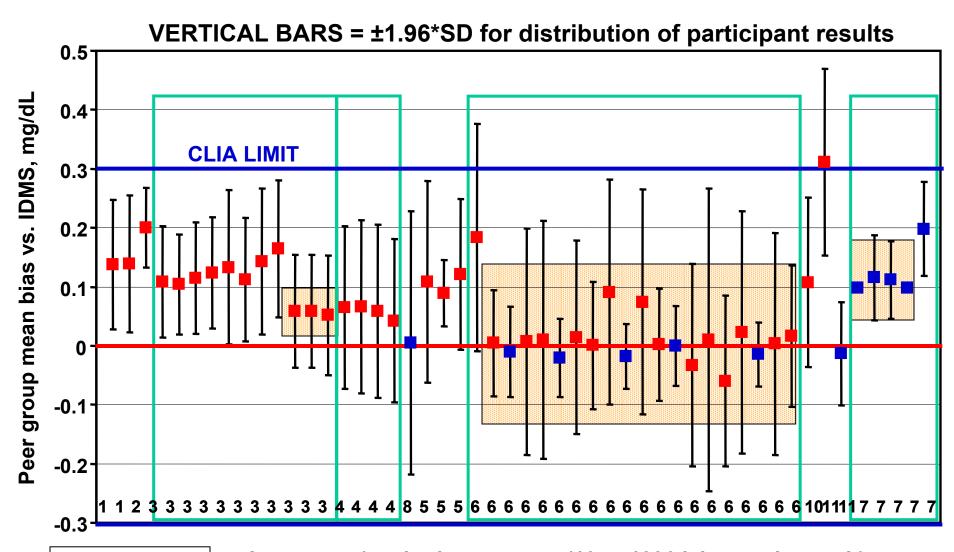
7%

Mean bias of peer group vs. IDMS

- Systematic error from calibration
- Trueness bias

Instrument/method peer group

CAP, 2003, Fresh Frozen Serum, N = 5624 Creatinine = 0.90 mg/dL (79.7 mmol/L)



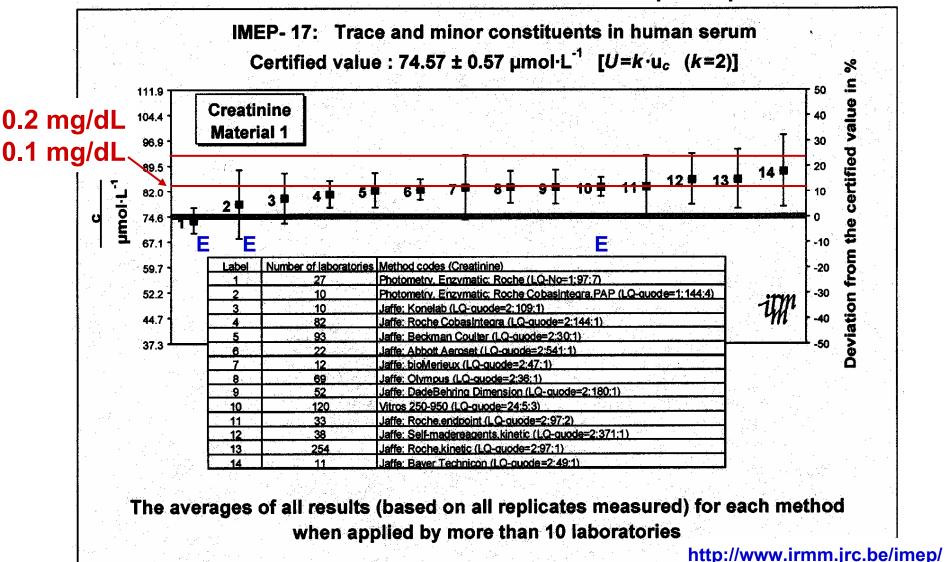
Alk PicrateEnzymatic

Instrument/method peer group (10 to 1396 laboratories each)

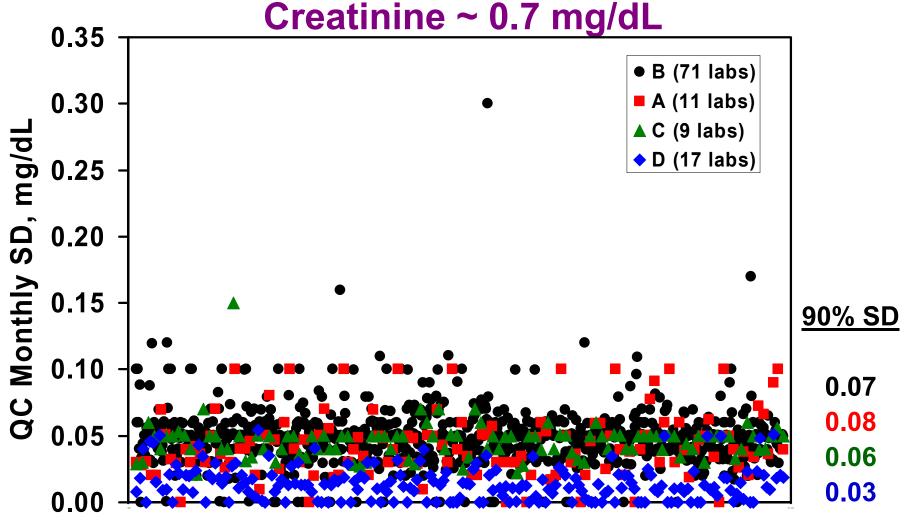
Miller et al. Arch Pathol Lab Med 2004; accepted

IMEP-17, 2002, Fresh Frozen Serum, N = 833 Creatinine = 0.84 mg/dL (74.6 mmol/L)

VERTICAL BARS = ±1 SD for distribution of participant results



Bio-Rad inter-lab QC comparison (within-lab monthly SD for a single lot QC)*



12 Months

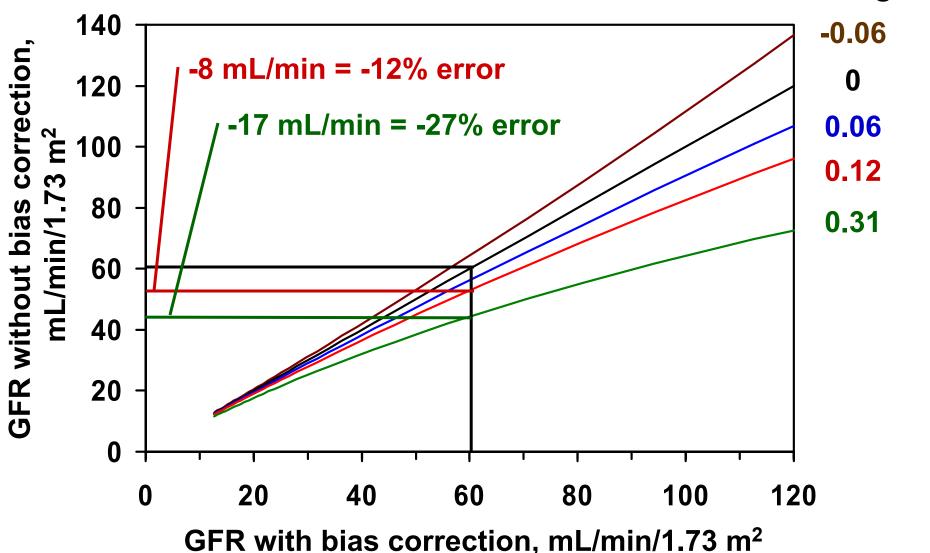
* Bio-Rad Laboratories, Inc. Liquid Multiqual, 2002

How does current performance impact calculated GFR

- Four parameter MDRD equation
- Critical serum creatinine
 - Adults:
 - → 1.0-1.6 mg/dL (88.4-141 µmol/L)
 @ GFR = 60 mL/min/1.73m² for different demographic groups
 - Pediatrics: lower values challenging

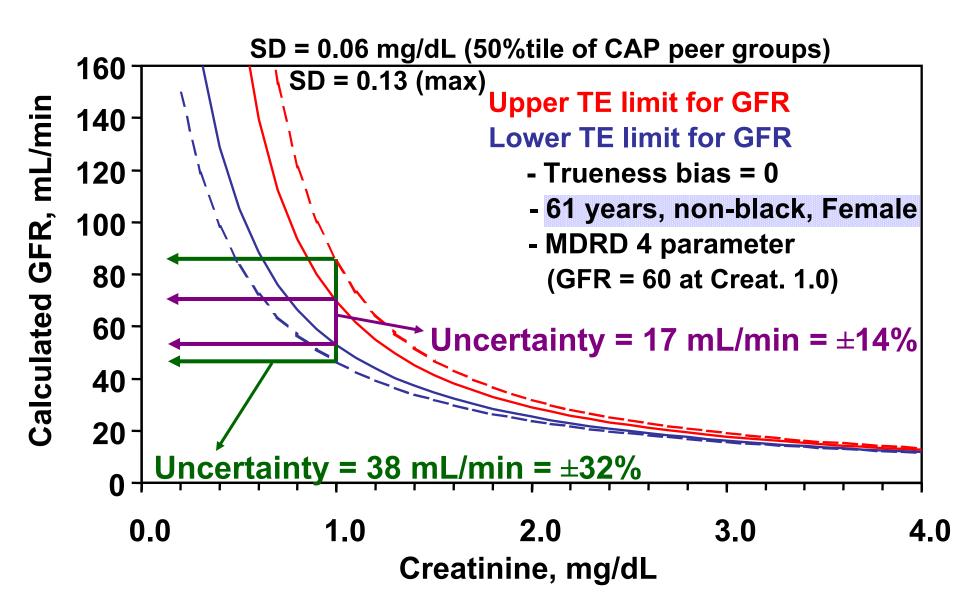
Impact of creatinine bias on GFR

Bias, mg/dL



Adapted from: Kalyani Murthy MD, Paul C Stark ScD, Frederick Van Lente PhD, James Fleming PhD, Andrew S Levey MD

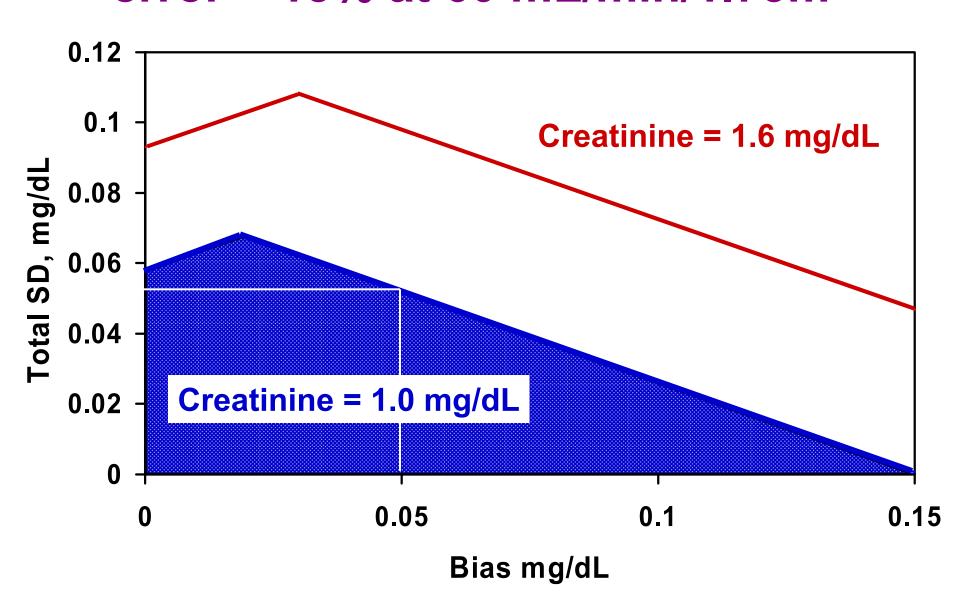
Impact of method variability on GFR



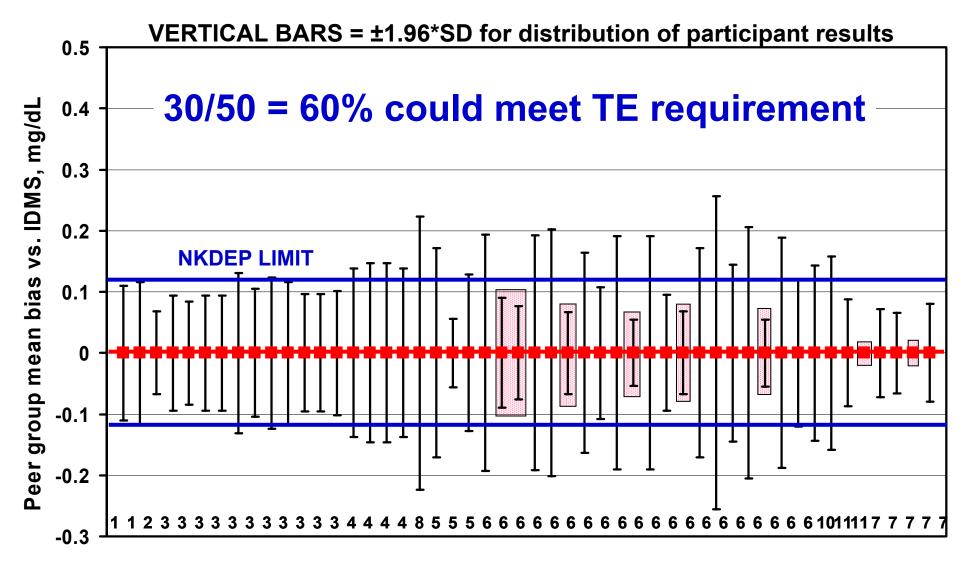
What creatinine performance is needed

- Clinical goal = total error in GFR of ±30%
 - MDRD equation coefficients contribute ±15%
- Measurement contribution to GFR maximum TE ±15% at 60 mL/min/1.73m²
 - Error budget for bias vs. total SD at critical creatinine (1.0 mg/dL; 88.4 µmol/L)
 - PLUS method non-specificity

Creatinine error budget for GFR total error = 15% at 60 mL/min/1.73m²



CAP Survey variability IF BIAS = 0 Creatinine = 0.90 mg/dL



Creatinine method non-specificity

- Alkaline Picrate
 - Keto acids
 - Glucose and other metabolites
 - Proteins
 - Drugs
- Enzymatic
 - Drugs (fewer)

Summary: Creatinine Measurement (Adults)

- Total error goal = ±15% in GFR_{MDRD}
- Current bias and variability are too large for clinical requirement
- Reduce bias by making calibration traceable to IDMS
 - Standardize MDRD coefficients for zero bias
- Reduce variability
- Non-specificity is a limitation